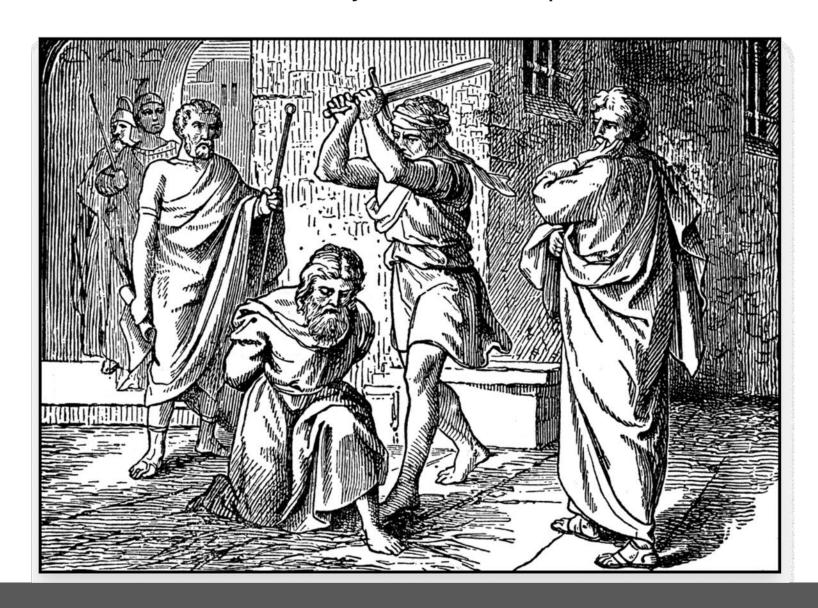
# CORINTHIANS A Verse-by-Verse Study

#### Paul is Beheaded at Rome by the Order of Emperor Nero



# 2 Corinthians 1: 20 (NLT)

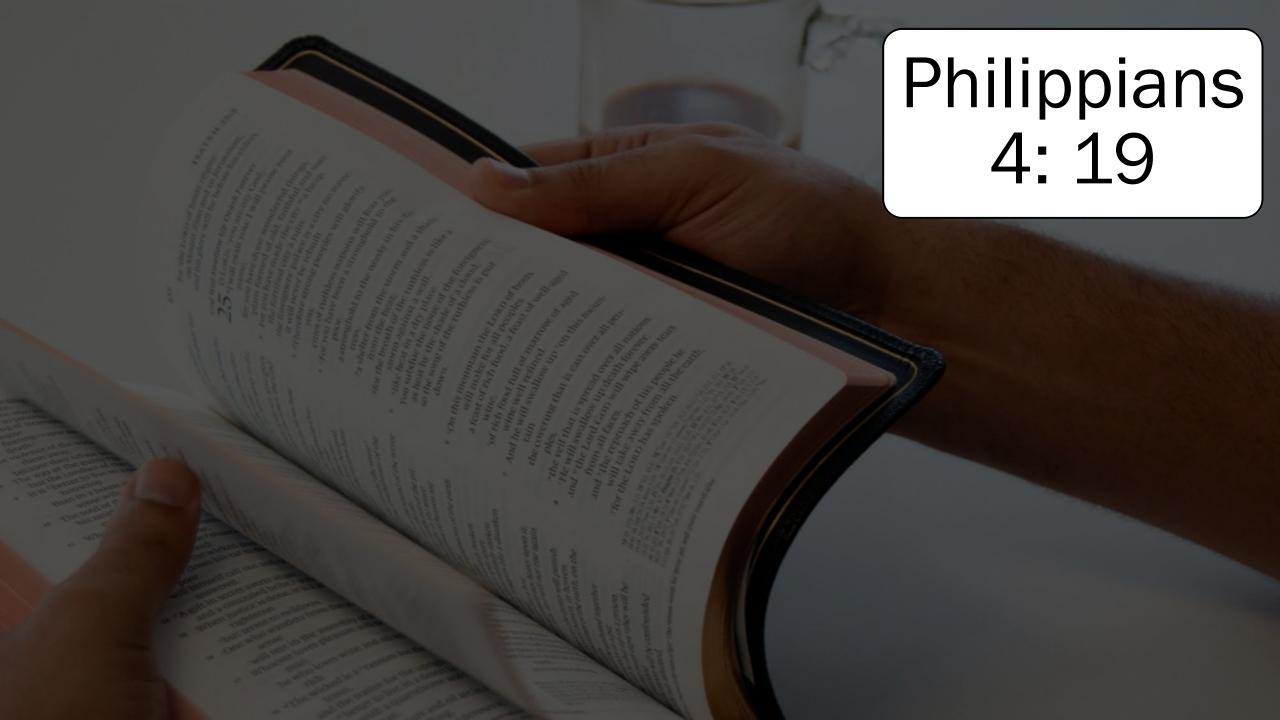
For all of God's promises have been fulfilled in Christ with a resounding "Yes!" And through Christ, our "Amen" (which means "Yes") ascends to God for his glory.

What are some promises of God that you hold onto in difficult times?



# Psalm 34: 7 (NASB)

The angel of the LORD encamps around those who fear Him, And rescues them.



# Philippians 4: 19 (NASB)

And my God will supply all your needs according to His riches in glory in Christ Jesus.



#### 2 Corinthians 1: 21-22 (NASB)

Now He who establishes us with you in Christ and anointed us is God, who also sealed us and gave us the Spirit in our hearts as a pledge.

#### 2 Corinthians 1: 21-22 (NASB)

Now He who establishes us with you in Christ and anointed us is God, who also sealed us and gave us the Spirit in our hearts as a pledge.

# What does it mean to be sealed?



# Esther 8: 8 (NASB)

Now you write to the Jews as you see fit, in the king's name, and seal it with the king's signet ring; for a decree which is written in the name of the king and sealed with the king's signet ring may not be revoked."



Sealed means irrevocable ownership by the King!



# Ephesians 4: 29-30 (NASB)

Let no unwholesome word come out of your mouth, but if there is any good word for edification according to the need of the moment, say that, so that it will give grace to those who hear

# Ephesians 4: 29-30 (NASB)

Do not grieve the Holy Spirit of God, by whom you were sealed for the day of redemption.



# Ephesians 1: 13-14 (NASB)

In Him, you also, after listening to the message of truth, the gospel of your salvation—having also believed, you were sealed in Him with the Holy Spirit of the promise, who is a first installment of our inheritance, in regard to the redemption of God's own possession, to the praise of His glory.

# 2 Corinthians 1: 21-22 (NASB)

Now He who establishes us with you in Christ and anointed us is God, who also sealed us and gave us the Spirit in our hearts as a pledge.

How would you describe the leadership style of Jesus?

# 2 Corinthians 1: 23-24 (NASB)

But I call God as witness to my soul, that it was to spare you that I did not come again to Corinth. Not that we domineer over your faith, but we are workers with you for your joy; for in your faith you are standing firm.

# 2 Corinthians 1: 23-24 (NASB)

But I call God as witness to my soul, that it was to spare you that I did not come again to Corinth. Not that we domineer over your faith, but we are workers with you for your joy; for in your faith you are standing firm.

What does it mean to be standing firm in your faith?

#### 2 Corinthians 2: 1 (NASB)

But I decided this for my own sake, that I would not come to you in sorrow again.

What would cause Paul to come to Corinth in sorrow?

#### 2 Corinthians 2: 2 (NASB)

For if I cause you sorrow, who then will be the one making me glad but the one who is made sorrowful by me?

How can this Church turn Paul's sorrow to joy?

# 2 Corinthians 2: 3 (NASB)

This is the very thing I wrote you, so that when I came, I would not have sorrow from those who ought to make me rejoice; having confidence in you all that my joy was the joy of you all.

Scholars agree Paul wrote another letter to the Church in Corinth after writing 1 Corinthians, which is now lost. It is believed that in this letter he told the Corinthians of his anguish and displeasure.

He apparently sent this lost letter of condemnation with Titus to deliver to the Church in Corinth.

Why did Paul write a similar challenging letter in 1 Corinthians?

# 2 Corinthians 2: 3 (NASB)

This is the very thing I wrote you, so that when I came, I would not have sorrow from those who ought to make me rejoice; having confidence in you all that my joy was the joy of you all.

What was causing Paul sorrow in this Church?

# 2 Corinthians 2: 4 (NASB)

For out of much affliction and anguish of heart I wrote to you with many tears; not so that you would be made sorrowful, but that you might know the love which I have especially for you.

When you hear of false teachings and approval of sin in those proclaiming to be Christians, does it break your heart?

Is it easy to point out sin or false teachings seen in the lives of others?

What should be our motivation to address sin or false teaching?

### 2 Corinthians 2: 4 (NASB)

For out of much affliction and anguish of heart I wrote to you with many tears; not so that you would be made sorrowful, but that you might know the love which I have especially for you.

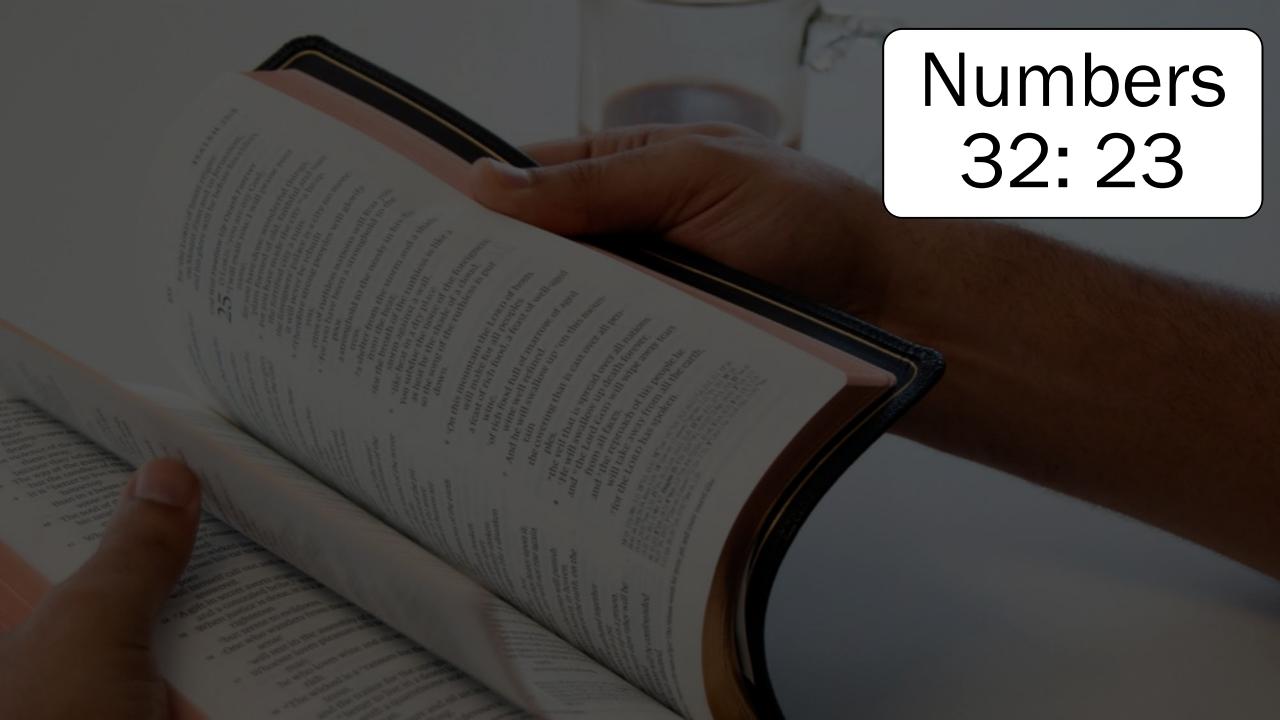


235 [e]	3588 [e]	26 [e]	2443 [e]	1097 [e]
alla	tēn	agapēn	hina	gnōte
ἀλλὰ	τὴν	ἀγάπην	ΐνα	γνῶτε
but	the	love	that	you might know
Conj	Art-AFS	N-AFS	Conj	V-ASA-2P
	alla ἀλλὰ but	alla tēn ἀλλὰ τὴν but the	alla tēn agapēn ἀλλὰ τὴν ἀγάπην but the love	alla tēn agapēn hina ἀλλὰ τὴν ἀγάπην ἵνα but the love that

#### 2 Corinthians 2: 5 (NASB)

But if anyone has caused sorrow, he has caused sorrow not for me, but in some degree—not to say too much—for all of you.

Who does false teachings or sinful lifestyles ultimately produce sorrow in?



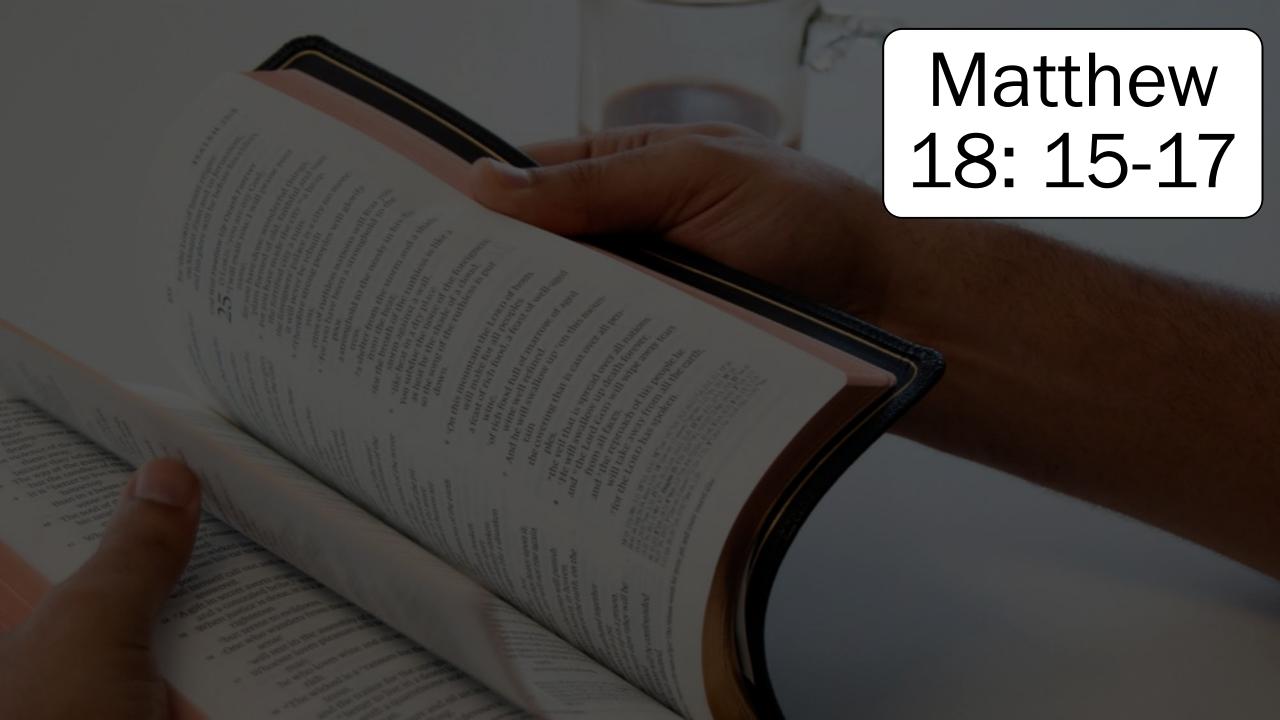
#### Numbers 32: 23 (NASB)

But if you do not do so, behold, you have sinned against the LORD, and be sure that your sin will find you out.

What should the Church do when someone refuses to repent?

#### 2 Corinthians 2: 6-7 (NASB)

Sufficient for such a person is this punishment which was imposed by the majority, so that on the other hand, you should rather forgive and comfort him, otherwise such a person might be overwhelmed by excessive sorrow.



#### Matthew 18: 15-17 (NASB)

"Now if your brother sins, go and show him his fault in private; if he listens to you, you have gained your brother.

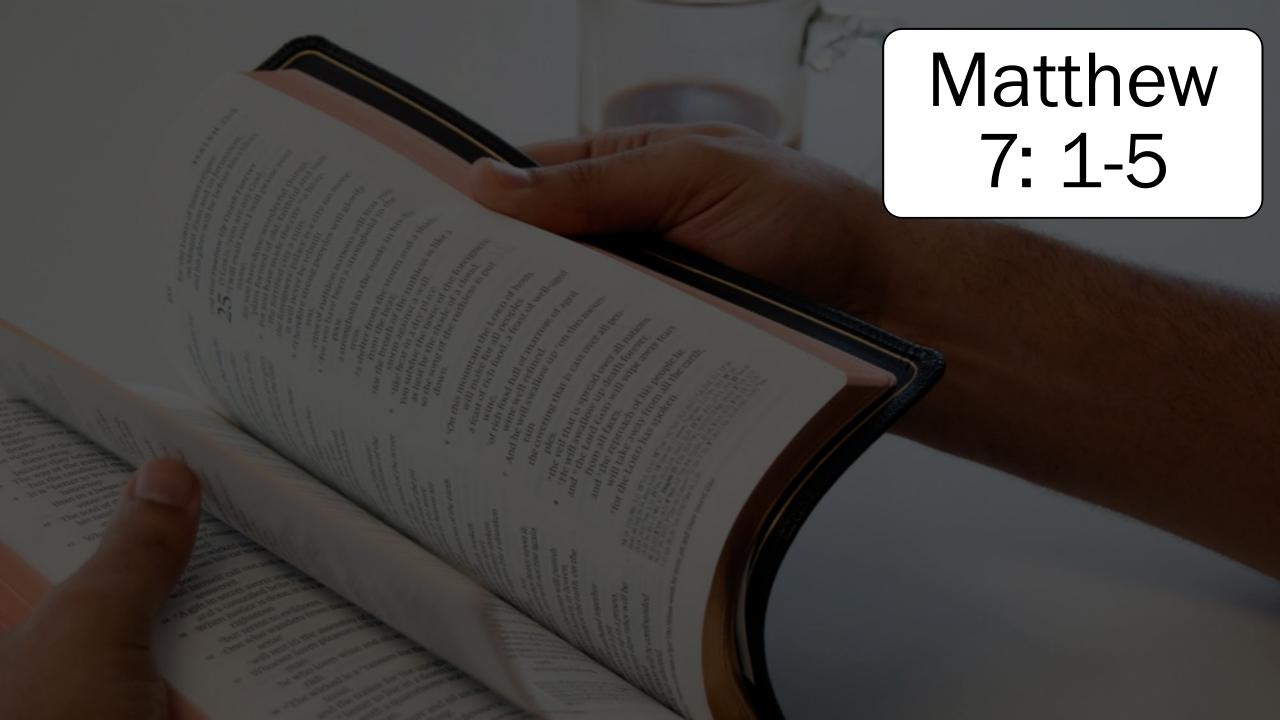
#### Matthew 18: 15-17 (NASB)

But if he does not listen to you, take one or two more with you, so that on the testimony of two or three witnesses every matter may be confirmed.

#### Matthew 18: 15-17 (NASB)

And if he refuses to listen to them, tell it to the church; and if he refuses to listen even to the church, he is to be to you as a Gentile and a tax collector.

What should you do before you confront someone about their sin?



#### Matthew 7: 1-5 (NASB)

"Do not judge, so that you will not be judged. For in the way you judge, you will be judged; and by your standard of measure, it will be measured to you.

When does correcting become judging?

#### Matthew 7: 1-5 (NASB)

Why do you look at the speck that is in your brother's eye, but do not notice the log that is in your own eye?

#### Matthew 7: 1-5 (NASB)

Or how can you say to your brother, 'Let me take the speck out of your eye,' and look, the log is in your own eye?

Correcting becomes judging when it is done with a sinful purpose or by one living with unrepentant sin.

What is someone called that is living with unrepentant sin but wants to correct others?

#### Matthew 7: 1-5 (NASB)

You hypocrite, first take the log out of your own eye, and then you will see clearly to take the speck out of your brother's eye!

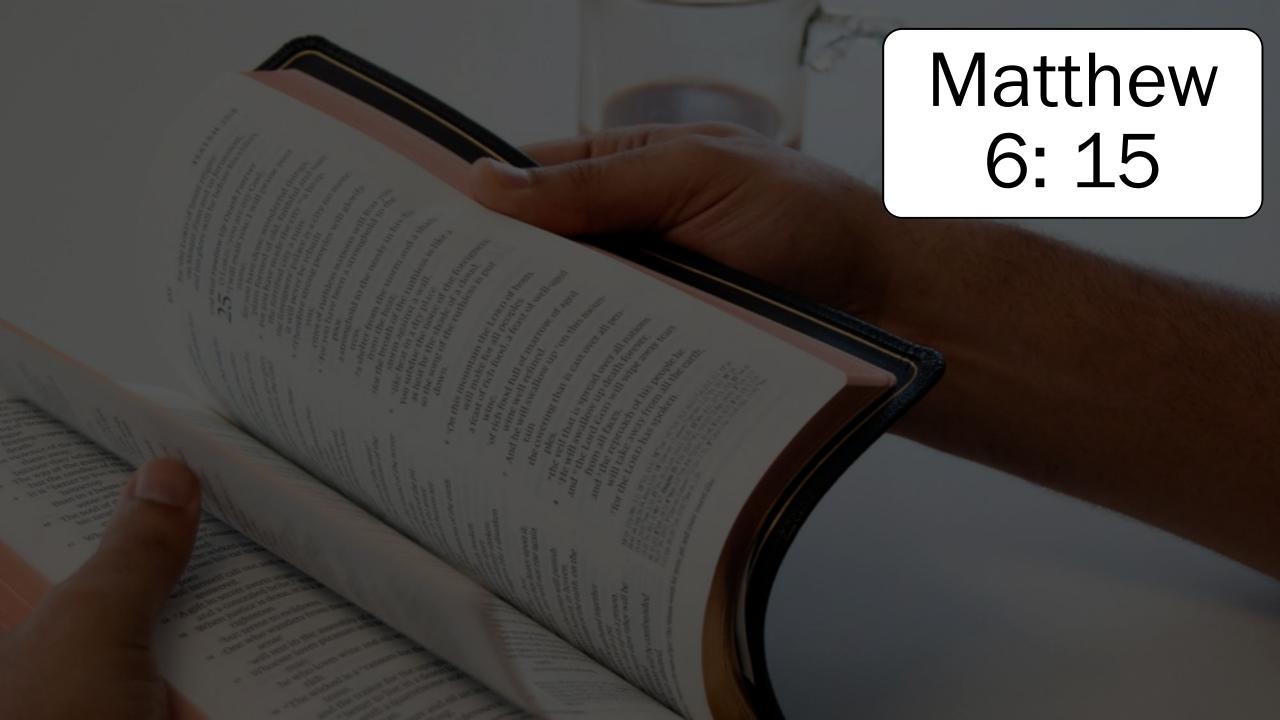
How should the Church respond when someone repents?

#### 2 Corinthians 2: 6-7 (NASB)

Sufficient for such a person is this punishment which was imposed by the majority, so that on the other hand, you should rather forgive and comfort him, otherwise such a person might be overwhelmed by excessive sorrow.

## How difficult is it to forgive?

# How important is forgiveness of others?



#### Matthew 6: 15 (NIV)

But if you do not forgive others their sins, your Father will not forgive your sins.

#### 2 Corinthians 2: 6-7 (NASB)

Sufficient for such a person is this punishment which was imposed by the majority, so that on the other hand, you should rather forgive and comfort him, otherwise such a person might be overwhelmed by excessive sorrow.

What else should we do after forgiving someone who has repented?

#### 2 Corinthians 2: 8 (NASB)

Therefore I urge you to reaffirm your love for him.

#### 2 Corinthians 2:8 >

#### 2 Corinthians 2 - Click for Chapter

	1352 [e]	3870 [e]	4771 [e]	2964 [e]	1519 [e]	846 [e]	26 [e]	
	dio	parakalō	hymas	kyrōsai	eis	auton	agapēn	
8	διὸ	παρακαλὧ	ύμᾶς	κυρῶσαι	είς	αὐτὸν	ἀγάπην	
	Therefore	I exhort	you	to confirm	toward	him	love	
	Conj	V-PIA-1S	PPro-A2P	V-ANA	Prep	PPro-AM3S	N-AFS	

The Holy Spirit will not be present in any actions taken for the purpose of producing condemnation instead of repentance.

#### 2 Corinthians 2: 9 (NASB)

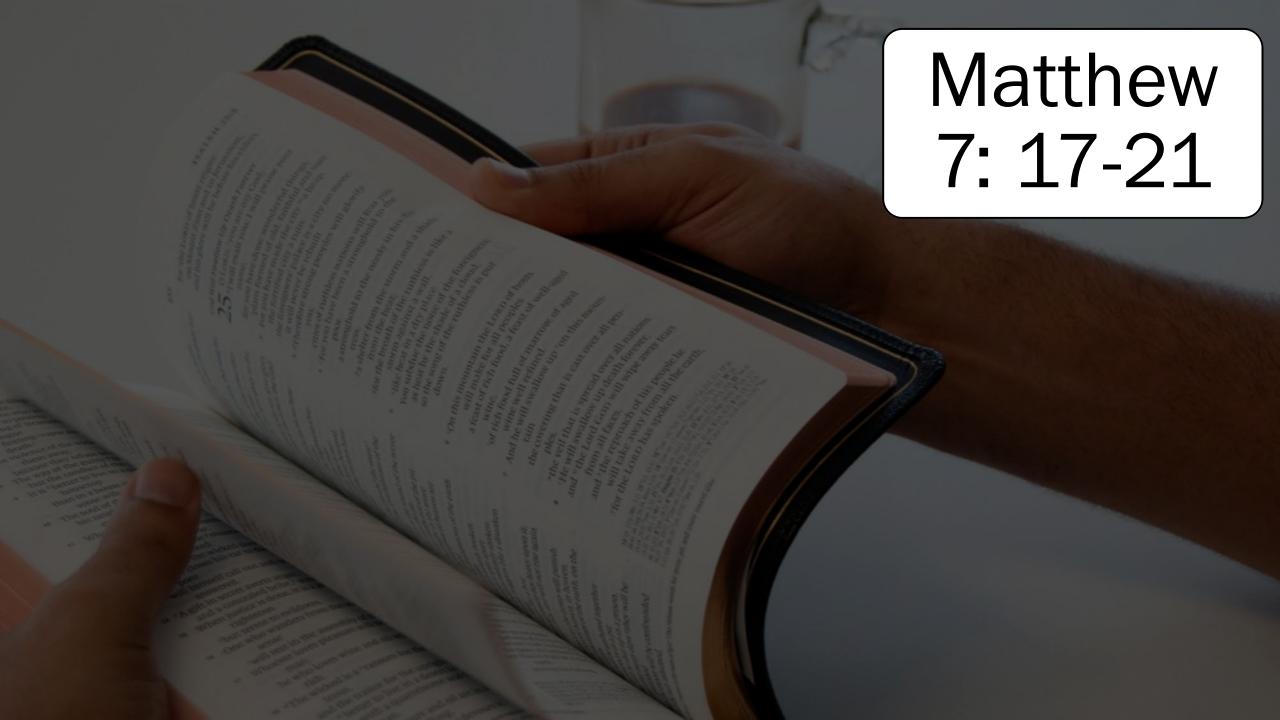
For to this end I also wrote, so that I might put you to the test, whether you are obedient in all things.

#### Test

Greek: dokime, dok-ee-may

- Trustworthiness
- To match the word to the action.
- To transfer from theory to reality.

How can you test the truthfulness of someone claiming to be obedient to Christ?



#### Matthew 7: 15-23 (NIV)

"Beware of the false prophets, who come to you in sheep's clothing, but inwardly are ravenous wolves. You will know them by their fruits. Grapes are not gathered from thorn bushes, nor figs from thistles, are they?

#### Matthew 7: 15-23 (NIV)

Grapes are not gathered from thorn bushes, nor figs from thistles, are they? So every good tree bears good fruit, but the bad tree bears bad fruit. A good tree cannot bear bad fruit, nor can a bad tree bear good fruit. Every tree that does not bear good fruit is cut down and thrown into the fire.

What is Jesus talking about when he uses the word "fruits"?

#### Matthew 7: 15-23 (NIV)

So then, you will know them by their fruits. "Not everyone who says to Me, 'Lord, Lord,' will enter the kingdom of heaven, but the one who does the will of My Father who is in heaven will enter.

#### Matthew 7: 15-23 (NIV)

Many will say to Me on that day, 'Lord, Lord, did we not prophesy in Your name, and in Your name cast out demons, and in Your name perform many miracles?' And then I will declare to them, 'I never knew you; leave Me, you who practice lawlessness."

### Where do we find the law?

### Paul is testing the Church in Corinth by observing their actions!

Do their actions line up with Scripture?

#### 2 Corinthians 2: 10 (NASB)

But one whom you forgive anything, I also forgive; for indeed what I have forgiven, if I have forgiven anything, I did so for your sakes in the presence of Christ,

What happens when only part of the Church forgives someone who has repented?

#### 2 Corinthians 2: 11 (NASB)

so that no advantage would be taken of us by Satan, for we are not ignorant of his schemes.

What advantage does satan gain in a Church where there is not total forgiveness for one that has repented?



#### DIVISION!

#### 2 Corinthians 2: 11 (NASB)

so that no advantage would be taken of us by Satan, for we are not ignorant of his schemes.

## Should we be aware of satan's schemes?

What are some examples of the schemes of satan?

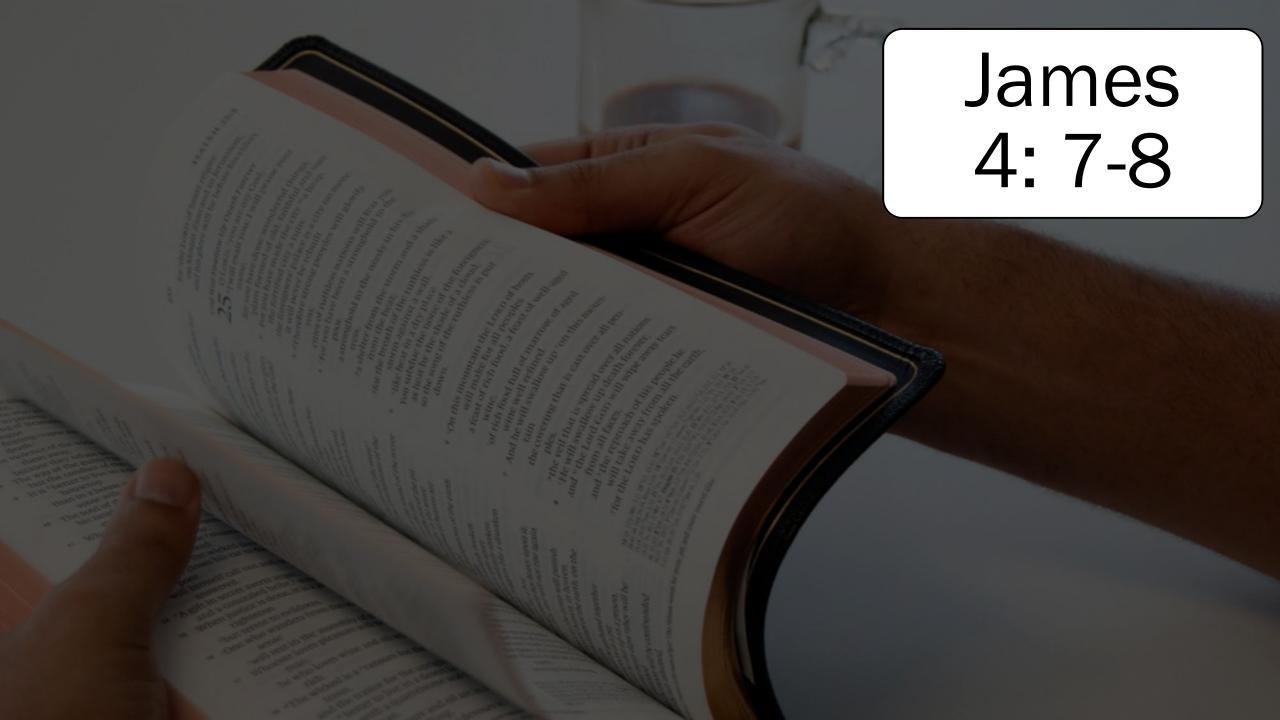
- Satan means "adversary"
- Devil means "accuser or slanderer"
- He is crafty
  - ✓ Genesis 3:1
- He is the tempter
  - ✓ Matthew 4:3; 1 Thessalonians 3:5
- Jesus called him "the evil one"
  - ✓ Matthew 6:13; John 17:15
- His dessire is to steal, kill and destroy
  - ✓ John 10:10

- He blinds the minds of the unbelieving so they can't see the light of the gospel
  - ✓ 2 Corinthians 4:4
- He is ruler of this world and prince of the power of the air
  - ✓ Ephesians 2: 2
- He disguises himself as an angel of light
  - ✓ 2 Corinthians 11:14
- His servants (demons) disguise themselves as servants of righteousness
  - ✓ 2 Corinthians 11:15

- He is the accuser of the brethren
  - ✓ Revelation 12:10
- He deceives the whole world.
  - ✓ Revelation 12:9
- His sin was pride
  - ✓ Isaiah 14
- He prowls around like a roaring lion, seeking to devour people
  - √1 Peter 5:8

- He is beautiful
  - ✓ Ezekiel 28: 17
- He can be resisted
  - ✓ 1 Pet. 5:9
- He is on a leash. He can't do anything without God's permission
  - ✓ Job, Jude 6

What should you do when being attacked by satan?



#### James 4: 7-8a (NASB)

Submit therefore to God. But resist the devil, and he will flee from you. Come close to God and He will come close to you.

#### 2 Corinthians 2: 12-13 (NASB)

Now when I came to Troas for the gospel of Christ and when a door was opened for me in the Lord, I had no rest for my spirit, not finding Titus my brother; but saying goodbye to them, I went on to Macedonia.

What does Paul mean when he says "a door was opened for me"?

### Who opened the door?

#### 2 Corinthians 2: 12-13 (NASB)

Now when I came to Troas for the gospel of Christ and when a door was opened for me in the Lord, I had no rest for my spirit, not finding Titus my brother; but saying goodbye to them, I went on to Macedonia.

What does Paul mean when he says "he had no rest for his spirit"?

Why do you think he was worried about Titus?

Arriving in Troas, Paul found an open door to the gospel. People were responding to the Gospel. However, Paul did not find Titus and was apparently deeply concerned because his co-worker in the ministry was missing.

This caused Paul to feel restless in his spirit. I am sure he was wondering if things were going badly for Titus in Corinth after he delivered Paul's letter of rebuke and was also likely concerned about Titus being attacked or injured.

# So who does Paul turn his worry over to?

#### 2 Corinthians 2: 14 (NASB)

But thanks be to God, who always leads us in triumph in Christ, and through us reveals the fragrance of the knowledge of Him in every place.

#### 2 Corinthians 2: 15 (NASB)

For we are a fragrance of Christ to God among those who are being saved and among those who are perishing:

What does it mean that we are a fragrance of Christ to God?



#### Hebrews 10: 10 (NLT)

For God's will was for us to be made holy by the sacrifice of the body of Jesus Christ, once for all time.

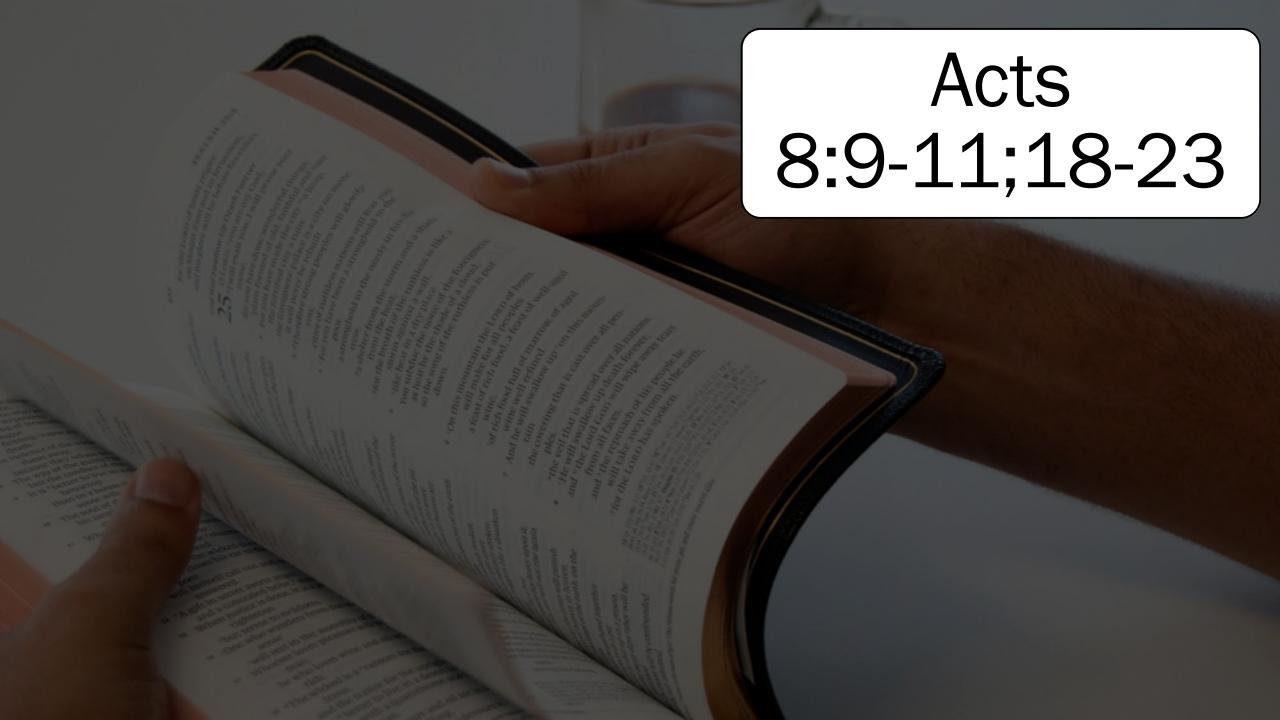
#### 2 Corinthians 2: 16-17 (NASB)

to the one an aroma from death to death, to the other an aroma from life to life. And who is adequate for these things? For we are not like the many, peddling the word of God, but as from sincerity, but as from God, we speak in Christ in the sight of God.

## How do your peddle the Word of God?

#### Peddlers

- Grandiose claims
- Deceptive advertising
- Fake reviews
- False actions
- Flashy shows
- Pressure or intimidation
- False promises



#### Acts 8: 9-11 (NASB)

A man named Simon had been a sorcerer there for many years, amazing the people of Samaria and claiming to be someone great. Everyone, from the least to the greatest, often spoke of him as "the Great One—the Power of God." They listened closely to him because for a long time he had astounded them with his magic.

#### Acts 8: 18-23 (NASB)

When Simon saw that the Spirit was given when the apostles laid their hands on people, he offered them money to buy this power. "Let me have this power, too," he exclaimed, "so that when I lay my hands on people, they will receive the Holy

#### Acts 8: 18-23 (NASB)

But Peter replied, "May your money be destroyed with you for thinking God's gift can be bought! You can have no part in this, for your heart is not right with God.

#### Acts 8: 18-23 (NASB)

Repent of your wickedness and pray to the Lord. Perhaps he will forgive your evil thoughts, for I can see that you are full of bitter jealousy and are held captive by sin."